



Electrical/Extension Cords

1. Extension cords shall be plugged directly into an approved receptacle except for approved multi-plug extension cords and shall serve only one (1) portable appliance. No “pigtails”, splicing or “daisy chaining.”
2. The ampacity of the extension cords shall not be less than the rated capacity of the portable appliance supplied by the cord. (Never can a small cord supply a larger)
3. Extension cords shall be maintained in good condition without splices, deterioration or damage.
4. Extension cords shall be grounded when serving grounded portable appliances.
5. Open junction boxes and open-wiring splices shall be prohibited. Approved covers shall be provided for all switch and electrical outlet boxes.
6. Power cords shall be protected from physical damage and from becoming a tripping hazard. Where this may occur, power cords shall be installed overhead and/or run through a PVC conduit or commercial wire chase. Use of carpets, tape or equivalent is prohibited. Electrical receptacles shall be ground fault protected when at outside events.
7. All connections shall be of weather-tight protection from rain and water.
8. All electrical cords shall be U.L. listed electrical cords rated for outdoors use. NO HOUSEHOLD OR NON-WEATHER-TIGHT POWER CORDS OR ELECTRICAL OUTLETS WILL BE PERMITTED. All electrical wiring and devices shall be in compliance with the National Electrical Code.

Power Cord Chart

Maximum Load	Maximum Length	Minimum Gauge
20 amps	100 ft	12 AWG
30 amps	50 ft	10 AWG
>30 amps	See site Promoter, site electrician and/or Fire Marshal	