

NARRATIVE PROFILE OF  
THE CITY OF KENOSHA

SOUTHPORT  
NEIGHBORHOOD

**INTRODUCTION**

The following profile is a computer produced narrative based on the results of the 2000 Census of Population and Housing. Each profile highlights general population and housing characteristics for each Census Defined Area (CDA).

Southport Neighborhood is one of 32 CDAs in the City of Kenosha. The Census Defined Areas are areas of the City of Kenosha that, while not recognized by the U.S. Census, are locally recognized as distinct parts of the city. See the map accompanying this profile for exact boundaries of the Census Defined Area and the City of Kenosha.

**GENERAL AND FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS: 2000 (TABLE 1)**

According to the U.S. Census 1,256 persons lived in Southport Neighborhood in the year 2000. This neighborhood comprised 1.39 percent of the total population of 90,668 in the City of Kenosha.

**Age**

The age structure of the population is an important component in the demographic analysis of the population. This information is essential for determining the needs of specific age groups in the population.

Among the 1,256 persons in Southport Neighborhood 22 percent, or 275, were under 18 years of age while 22 percent, or 281, were 65 years and older. As a whole the City of Kenosha had 27 percent under the age of 18, and 12 percent 65 years and older.

Of the 660 females in the CDA, 22 percent were under 18 years of age, and 24 percent were 65 years and older. For the 596 males in the neighborhood 22 percent were under 18 years of age and 21 percent were 65 years and older.

Table 1.1 Age Distribution (Males)

	<i>Under 18</i>	<i>18 to 29</i>	<i>30 to 39</i>	<i>40 to 49</i>	<i>50 to 59</i>	<i>60 to 64</i>	<i>65 and older</i>
<i>CT18 BG3</i>	57	11	14	19	11	0	35
<i>CT19 BG1</i>	74	32	49	95	64	42	88
<i>CT20(part) BG3 (part)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Neighborhood Total:</i>	131	43	63	114	75	42	123

Table 1.2 Age Distribution (Females)

	<i>Under 18</i>	<i>18 to 29</i>	<i>30 to 39</i>	<i>40 to 49</i>	<i>50 to 59</i>	<i>60 to 64</i>	<i>65 and older</i>
<i>CT18 BG3</i>	25	25	22	24	0	0	54
<i>CT19 BG1</i>	119	41	48	86	71	41	104
<i>CT20(part) BG3 (part)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Neighborhood Total:</i>	144	66	70	110	71	41	158

For the City of Kenosha as a whole, 28 percent of the 44,242 males were under the age of 18, while 10 percent were 65 years and older. With a female population of 46,423 in the year 2000, 26 percent were under the age of 18, and 15 percent were 65 years and above.

**Household Type and Relationship**

Data on household type and relationship are important for understanding household composition and identifying changes in household structure over time. This can include tracking the increases in single occupant households and single parent families. A household includes all persons who occupy a housing unit. Persons per household is a measure obtained by the

number of households (householders) in the CDA. A family household consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same residence who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.

All 1,256 persons in Southport Neighborhood lived in households. The average household size was 2.32 persons per household in the 542 households in this CDA. Of the total households 391, or 72 percent, were family households while the remaining 151, or 28 percent, were non-family households. The average family household size was 2.83 persons per family household in Southport Neighborhood.

All persons 65 years and older lived in households. Additionally everyone 65 years and older living in a non-family household lived alone.

### **Family Type by Presence of Own Children**

Changes in family type and the presence of a family's own children are key measures to following trends in family living. These data can be used for studying child welfare, allocating funds for supplemental food programs and providing services to low-income families with children.

Southport Neighborhood had 391 family households of which 84 percent were maintained by a married couple and 12 percent were by a female householder with no husband present. Among the 161 families in the Southport Neighborhood with children under 18 years, 22 percent were maintained by a female householder with no husband present.

### **Marital Status**

Marital Status is another variable that influences family life and its changing patterns.

Among persons 15 years and older in Southport Neighborhood, 73 percent of the 479 men and 67 percent of the 526 women were married (excluding those who

were separated) at the time of the census. Comparable percentages for the City of Kenosha were 56 percent for married men and 51 percent for married women.

Of the 382 males 15 years of age and older in the CDA who had ever been married, 10 percent were either currently separated or divorced, compared to 17 percent for the City of Kenosha. Of the 442 females 15 years of age and older in the CDA who had ever been married, 13 percent were either separated or divorced compared to 20 percent for the City of Kenosha.

## **SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS: 2000 (TABLE 2)**

### **Place of Birth**

Data on place of birth are useful for studying migration patterns as well as for evaluating and designing affirmative action and other programs to assist persons born abroad.

The percent of native persons – those born in the United States and its territories – in Southport Neighborhood born in Wisconsin was 60 percent. The remaining 40 percent were born in a different state (no one was born abroad). Of all persons in the CDA 5 percent were foreign born. (Persons born in Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the Pacific Outlying Areas of the United States are not considered to be foreign born.)

### **Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English**

Language spoken at home and the ability to speak English are significant indicators of the need for bilingual education programs and the enforcement of bilingual election requirements of the Voting Rights Act. They also are important for delivering products and services to non-English speaking persons.

Among the 1,155 persons 5 years of age and older in Southport Neighborhood 57, or 5 percent, reported speaking a language other than English at home. Of

those, 19 percent reported that they did not speak English “very well”, but no one was linguistically isolated. Among the persons in this age group who spoke a language other than English at home, 37 percent reported that they spoke Spanish and the remaining 63 percent reported that they spoke another Indo-European language.

Of the persons 5 years and older who spoke a language other than English, the proportion who did not speak English “very well” by age group was:

- 34 percent of persons 65 years and older

### School Enrollment and Type of School

School enrollment information is used for allocating funds for education, locating schools and child care services, and developing vocational and job training programs to meet the needs of selected segments of the population.

In Southport Neighborhood, 244 persons 3 years and older were enrolled in school. This included 7 in nursery and pre-school, 137 in elementary school, 56 in high school and 44 persons enrolled in college. Twenty-seven percent of all persons enrolled in school were enrolled in private schools. This only included those students living in the CDA while attending schools.

Table 2.1 School Enrollment (Males)

	Nursery	Kinder-garden	Grade 1-4	Grade 5-8	Grade 9-12	Coll-ege	Post-Grad.
<i>CT18 BG3</i>	0	0	15	14	5	0	9
<i>CT19 BG1</i>	7	0	10	17	14	19	6
<i>CT20(part) BG3(part)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Neighborhood Total:</i>	7	0	25	31	19	19	15

Table 2.2 School Enrollment (Females)

	Nursery	Kinder-garden	Grade 1-4	Grade 5-8	Grade 9-12	Coll-ege	Post-Grad.
<i>CT18 BG3</i>	0	0	11	0	10	0	0
<i>CT19 BG1</i>	0	0	22	48	27	5	5
<i>CT20(part) BG3(part)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Neighborhood Total:</i>	0	0	33	48	37	5	5

(These enrollment figures do not include students who attended schools in the CDA but lived elsewhere, or those students whose parental homes were in the CDA but lived elsewhere while attending college.)

### Educational Attainment

The educational attainment of the population is an indicator of the quality of the labor market and is usually positively correlated with income levels and earnings potential. Data on educational attainment are used to develop products and services to help meet the needs of the CDA.

Among persons 16 to 19 years of age in Southport Neighborhood, there were no dropouts; that is, those neither enrolled in school nor high school graduates (refer to Table 4, Labor Force Characteristics).

Of persons 25 years of age and older, 9 percent had not graduated from high school or received an equivalency, while 48 percent held a bachelor’s degree or higher. Overall 54 percent of the population held the following degrees beyond high school:

- 6 percent Associate’s degree
- 26 percent Bachelor’s degree
- 22 percent Graduate or Professional degree

### Residence in 1995

Data on residence in 1995 can be used for analysis of migration patterns between counties, states, regions of country and from areas outside of the United States.

A total of 1,155 persons 5 years and older were living in Southport Neighborhood in 2000. Of those, 26 percent lived in a different house in the United States 5 years earlier. Among those who lived in a different house, 4 percent lived in the same state but a different county and 41 percent lived in a different state. Data on regions of previous residence and residence abroad in 1995 are found in Table 2.

**Means of Transportation to Work and Travel Time to Work**

Data on means of transportation to work can be used by local, county and state governments for road, highway and public transportation planning.

Of the 575 workers 16 years and over residing in Southport Neighborhood who travel to work, 86 percent drove alone, 10 percent carpooled, but no one used any form of public transportation.

The average travel time to work for the CDA was 23 minutes, the same as the City of Kenosha.

**Veteran Status**

Veteran status data are used to develop and implement programs to meet the needs of veterans of all ages; including services such as job training and health care.

In Southport Neighborhood, 162 civilians 18 years and older were veterans. Of these, 76 percent were 65 years and older.

**Disability**

Data on disability are useful for designing services to meet the needs of individuals with a work disability or mobility or self-care limitations.

In Southport Neighborhood, among civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years of age with disabilities, 3 percent had a sensory disability such as blindness, deafness or a severe vision or hearing impairment; 11 percent had a condition that substantially limits one or more basic

physical activities such as walking, climbing stairs, reaching, lifting, or carrying; 12 percent had a mental disability such as learning, remembering or concentrating; 9 percent had a self-care disability such as dressing, bathing or getting around inside the home; 27 percent had a disability that prevented them from going outside the home; and 39 percent had an employment disability.

Table 2.3 Disabilities (Ages 16 to 64)

	<i>Sensory</i>	<i>Physical</i>	<i>Mental</i>	<i>Self-Care</i>	<i>Go-Outside</i>	<i>Employment</i>
<i>CT18 BG3</i>	0	6	0	6	6	6
<i>CT19 BG1</i>	5	16	23	11	47	71
<i>CT20 (part) BG3(part)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Neighborhood Total:</i>	5	22	23	17	53	77

Among civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and older with disabilities, 39 percent had a sensory disability; 41 percent had a physical disability; 4 percent had a mental disability; 4 percent had a self-care disability; and 13 percent had a disability that prevented them from going outside the home.

Table 2.4 Disabilities (Ages 65 and older)

	<i>Sensory</i>	<i>Physical</i>	<i>Mental</i>	<i>Self-Care</i>	<i>Go-Outside</i>
<i>CT18 BG3</i>	8	28	4	4	8
<i>CT15 BG1</i>	31	13	0	0	5
<i>CT20 (part) BG3 (part)</i>	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Neighborhood Total:</i>	39	41	4	4	13

**RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN: 2000 (TABLE 3)**

**Race and Hispanic Origin**

Data on race and Hispanic origin are important for a wide range of purposes.

These include activities such as establishing and evaluating guidelines for federal affirmative action programs, assisting minority businesses, planning education, and guaranteeing the civil rights of the population.

Southport Neighborhood was made up as follows:

- 99 percent Caucasian alone
- 1 percent some other race alone
- 3 percent of whom were of Hispanic origin (of any race)

Table 3.1 Race

	<i>White alone</i>	<i>African American alone</i>	<i>American Indian and Alaska Native</i>	<i>Asian alone</i>	<i>Some other race</i>	<i>Two or more races</i>
<i>CT18 BG3</i>	297	0	0	0	0	0
<i>CT15 BG1</i>	947	0	0	0	12	0
<i>CT20(part) BG3 (part)</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Neighborhood Total:</i>	1244	0	0	0	12	0

**LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS: 2000 (TABLE 4)**

**Labor Force Status**

Labor force status indicates the working-age population considered to be economically active and, of those, the proportions employed and unemployed. Data on labor force status are used to measure labor supply and employment levels. They can be used for a variety of purpose, such as attracting industries to the area and establishing employment training programs. Information on the economic situation of persons in the CDA begins on Table 4.

In Southport Neighborhood, 63 percent of all working-age persons (16 years and older) were in the labor force. By gender, 56 percent of all working-age females and 70 percent of males were in the labor force. Four percent of persons in the civilian labor force were unemployed.

Among the 81 children under 6 years living with two parents in families and subfamilies, 72 percent had both parents in the labor force. All 20 children under 6 years living with only one parent had that parent in the labor force.

Among the 112 children 6 to 17 years of age in the CDA living with two parents in families and subfamilies, 95 percent had both parents in the labor force. Sixty-six percent of the 62 children 6 to 17 years of age living with only one parent had that parent in the labor force.

**Class of Worker**

Class of worker categorizes persons according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. It is the principal indicator of the relative importance of employment in the private and public sectors in the CDA.

Of the 605 persons in Southport Neighborhood who were employed, 62 percent worked for wages or salary for a private company, business or individual. Twenty-one percent of these people held federal, state or local government jobs. Self-employed persons represented 13 percent of all employed persons.

**Occupation**

Occupation describes a person’s field of work. In conjunction with data on class of worker and industry, it describes the economic bases of the CDA. This data can be used to study labor supply and demand, promote business, allocate funds for work-related training programs, determine eligibility for local public works projects, as well as many other purposes.

Southport Neighborhood residents were employed in a variety of occupations in 2000. The percent distribution of persons in the summary occupation groups listed in Table 4 is:

- 55 percent management, professional, and related occupations
- 6 percent service occupations

- 20 percent sales and office occupations
- 5 percent construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations
- 13 percent production, transportation, and material moving occupations

### **Industry**

The industry classification of a person's occupation describes the main activity of the employer. Consult Table 4 for the industries in which residents of the CDA were employed.

### **Work Status in 1999**

Work status in 1999 refers to the usual hours and weeks worked by individuals 16 years and older, who worked 1 or more weeks in 1999. Data on work status provides an indicator of the economic utilization of human resources in the CDA.

Sixty-six percent of persons 16 years of age and older in Southport Neighborhood worked in 1999. Among those who worked, 67 percent usually worked 35 or more hours per week for the last 50 weeks. Table 4 also contains data for the CDA and the City of Kenosha on the work status by other categories of usual hours worked and number of workers in families.

## **INCOME AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1999: 2000 (TABLE 5)**

### **Income in 1999**

Perhaps the main indicator of a population's economic well-being is its income measures. This information can be used by federal, state and local governments to allocate funds for social and other programs. The data are also used by the private sector to market goods and services.

The median household income in 1999 for households in Southport Neighborhood was \$58,625. Households with incomes less than \$15,000 made up 5

percent of all households in the CDA, while households with incomes \$50,000 or more constituted 64 percent of the households. The remaining 31 percent of households had incomes between \$15,000 and \$49,999.

The median family income in 1999 in the CDA was \$61,486. On a per capita basis every man, woman and child in the CDA had an average income of \$31,775 in 1999.

### **Poverty Status in 1999**

The poverty status of individuals and families is important for locating persons in need of public and private assistance. The poverty definition used here is the one adopted for official government use and consists of a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition. Families or individuals with incomes below their appropriate threshold are classified as poor. The poverty threshold in 1999 for a four-person family was \$17,029. Depending on the number of persons, the poverty threshold varied from \$8,501 for a person living alone to \$34,417 for a family of nine or more members.

In Southport Neighborhood 5 percent of the families had income below the poverty level. Of the 18 families below the poverty level, 33 percent had a female householder with no husband present.

In 1999, 62 persons were below the poverty level in the CDA or 5 percent of all persons for whom poverty status was determined. Of the total number of persons for whom poverty status was determined, 3 percent were below 50 percent of the poverty level, and 8 percent were below 125 percent of the poverty level.

Among the major concerns in many areas is the economic situation of children and the older population. In 1999, 25 persons under 18 years were below the poverty level, or 9 percent of all persons under 18 in the CDA. In 1999, 6 persons 65 years and older were below the poverty level, or 2 percent of all elderly persons in the CDA.

## **TENURE, VACANCY STATUS, AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS: 2000 (TABLE 6)**

On April 1, 2000, there were 546 housing units in Southport Neighborhood. They comprised 1.51 percent of the 36,162 housing units in the City of Kenosha.

### **Tenure by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder**

Tenure refers to the terms under which housing units are held by the occupants. Data on tenure are basic to most housing analyses. They provide a measure of the extent to which home ownership is achieved. They also can be used for determining fair market rents and housing values, home mortgage loans and insurance, supplemental rental assistance, and other assistance to construct, repair or purchase dwelling units.

Of the 537 occupied housing units in the Southport Neighborhood, 89 percent were owner-occupied and 11 percent were renter-occupied. Of the 34,546 occupied housing units in the City of Kenosha, 62 percent were owner-occupied and 38 percent were renter-occupied.

All owner-occupied housing units in Southport Neighborhood were owned by people who described themselves as Caucasian; one percent of whom were Hispanic.

All renter-occupied housing units in Southport Neighborhood were rented by people who described themselves as Caucasian; eleven percent of whom were Hispanic.

Comparable percentages of owner-occupied housing units, by race, in the City of Kenosha were:

- 94 percent Caucasian alone
- 3 percent African-American alone
- less than one percent American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut alone
- less than one percent Asian alone
- 2 percent some other race alone

- less than one percent two or more races
- 4 percent of whom were of Hispanic origin (of any race)

The percentages of renter-occupied housing units by race of householder in the City of Kenosha were:

- 80 percent Caucasian alone
- 11 percent African-American alone
- 1 percent American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut alone
- 1 percent Asian alone
- 5 percent Some other race alone
- 2 percent Two or more races
- 10 percent of whom were of Hispanic origin (of any race)

### **Vacancy Status**

Vacancy status is one indicator of the availability of local housing units. Areas that have large number of seasonal or recreational housing units are likely to have higher vacancy rates in the census than areas that do not.

Southport Neighborhood had 9 vacant housing units, all of which were for sale only.

### **Units in Structure**

The number of housing units in a structure gives an idea of the types of communities in which the population lives. General socioeconomic conditions and population density may be correlated with the number of units in a structure.

Of the 546 housing units in the Southport Neighborhood, 91 percent were single detached units and 3 percent were single attached units. Four percent of the housing structures had 2 units, one percent of the housing was made up of boats, RVs and vans, and the remaining one percent consisted of mobile homes and trailers.

## **Bedrooms and Room**

The number of bedrooms and the number of rooms per unit are the best indicators produced by the census of the size of the housing units in the area.

Of the owner-occupied housing units in Southport Neighborhood, 76 percent had three or more bedrooms. Eighty-nine percent of the renter-occupied housing units had two or more bedrooms.

Of the total number of housing units in the CDA, 11 percent had four rooms or fewer, while 89 percent had five or more rooms. The median number of rooms per housing unit was 6.1 in Southport Neighborhood.

## **Tenure by Year Structure Built**

Data on the year in which structures were built are useful for determining the age of the housing stock and identifying areas with new construction within the CDA. The data also can be used to identify housing units targeted for rehabilitation or demolition and to allocate funds for housing assistance.

None of the housing units in Southport Neighborhood were built in 1990 or later, while 43 percent were built prior to 1940. The median year that structures in the CDA were built was 1950, compared to 1960 for the City of Kenosha.

## **EQUIPMENT AND FUELS: 2000 (TABLE 7)**

### **Vehicles**

The number of vehicles available for use by household members is useful for local transportation planning, monitoring emissions standards and a variety of other purposes, including meeting future fuel requirements.

All of the renter-occupied housing units and 97 percent of the owner-occupied housing units had at least one vehicle available for use in Southport Neighborhood.

## **OCCUPANCY, UTILIZATION, AND FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS: 2000 (TABLE 8)**

### **Persons in Unit**

The number of persons per household unit used in conjunction with other variables, such as: the number of persons per room, the number of rooms and the number of bedrooms gives an indication of the living conditions of the population in the CDA.

In Southport Neighborhood, 28 percent of owner-occupied housing units were inhabited by one person and 5 percent by five or more persons. Twenty-one percent of renter-occupied housing units were inhabited by one person and 9 percent by five or more persons.

### **Persons per Room**

The number of persons per room is an indicator of how crowded the housing units are. Crowded housing is usually defined as having more than one person per room.

None of the housing units in Southport Neighborhood had more than one person per room. Comparable statistics for the City of Kenosha were 2 percent for owner-occupied units and 6 percent for renter-occupied units.

### **Year Householder Moved Into Unit**

The year the householder moved into the unit is important because it is a measure of housing turnover and mobility in the area.

In Southport Neighborhood, 63 percent of householders in owner-occupied housing units, but none of renters, had lived in their housing unit for 10 or more years. Of the occupied housing units, 5 percent of the owners and 40 percent of the renters moved into their units in the 15 months preceding the census.

The median year that householders moved into their units, by tenure, for owner-

occupied houses in the CDA was 1980, and for renter-occupied houses it was 1998.

### **Age of Householder**

The age of a householder has a strong correlation with the ability of households to buy a house. Generally, we expect the ability to afford a median-priced house to increase as age increases.

In Southport Neighborhood, one percent of the owner-occupied housing units was occupied by householders 15 to 24 years of age, 17 percent were occupied by householders 55 to 64 years of age, and 40 percent were occupied by householders 65 years of age and older.

None of the renter-occupied housing units was occupied by householders 15 to 24 years of age, while 11 percent were occupied by householders 55 to 64 years of age, and 23 percent were occupied by householders 65 years of age and older.

### **Value and Gross Rent**

The median and mean values of specified owner-occupied housing units can be used to determine the fair market value of housing units in the CDA. The number of housing units valued at selective levels gives an indication of the relative value of the housing stock in the CDA compared to other areas. Similarly, the median and mean gross rents for specified renter-occupied housing units and the number of units per level of rent are useful for determining the fair market rent of housing units in the CDA. Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (fuel and water).

These data can be used by real estate, mortgage, and insurance business to analyze the housing market. The public sector can use the data for many purposes, such as allocating housing assistance and determining if conversion of rental units to non-rental units (condominiums, cooperatives, etc.) would have an adverse effect on housing availability for low-income and elderly tenants.

Financial data for Southport Neighborhood shows that the median value of specified owner-occupied homes (one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property) was \$131,250 as compared to \$108,000 for the City of Kenosha. None of the specified owner-occupied housing units were valued at less than \$60,000, while 18 percent were valued between \$60,000 and \$99,999, and 82 percent were valued at \$100,000 or more. Comparable statistics for the City of Kenosha were: 4 percent valued at less than \$60,000, 38 percent from \$60,000 to \$99,999, and 58 percent at \$100,000 or more.

The median gross rent paid for specified renter-occupied housing units in the CDA was \$719 as compared to \$571 for the City of Kenosha. The gross rent for the renter-occupied housing units in the CDA with cash rent was less than \$300 for 12 percent of the units, \$300 to \$599 for 22 percent of the units, and \$600 to \$999 for 66 percent of the units.

## **HOMEOWNER AND RENTAL FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS: 2000 (TABLE 9)**

### **Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs**

Selected monthly owner costs include utilities and fuels, real estate taxes, insurance, and mortgage payments (if applicable). Data on mortgage status and number of housing units per level of cost are useful for measuring the relative cost of owning a housing unit in one area compared to another.

In Southport Neighborhood, 55 percent of the specified owner-occupied housing units were mortgaged and 45 percent were not mortgaged. In this CDA 36 percent of mortgaged housing units had a selected monthly owner cost of less than \$1,000; 57 percent had a selected monthly owner cost between \$1,000 and \$1,999, and 7 percent had a selected monthly owner cost

of \$2,000 and above. Fourteen percent of non-mortgaged housing units had a selected monthly owner cost of less than \$350, 78 percent had a selected monthly owner cost between \$350 and \$699 and 8 percent had a selected monthly owner cost of \$700 and above.

than 34 percent of their income toward monthly rent costs.

### **Household Income in 1999 by Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1999**

The measure of costs as a percentage of household income, by selected levels of income, is useful when determining the percentage of income required to own a housing unit for low-, medium-, and high-income households (a measure of affordability). These data can be used to set rates of mortgage assistance and to develop housing assistance program for low- and medium-income households.

In 1999, 79 percent of the 29 owner-occupied households with incomes less than \$20,000 used more than 35 percent of their income toward monthly owner's costs in Southport Neighborhood. All households with incomes of \$50,000 or more used less than 34 percent of their income toward monthly owner's costs.

### **Household Income in 1999 by Gross Rent as a Percentage of Housing Income in 1999**

The measure of gross rent as a percentage of household income by selected levels of income is useful to determine the percentage of income required to rent a housing unit for low-, medium-, and high-income households. These data can be used to set rates of rental assistance and to develop rental assistance programs for low- and medium-income households.

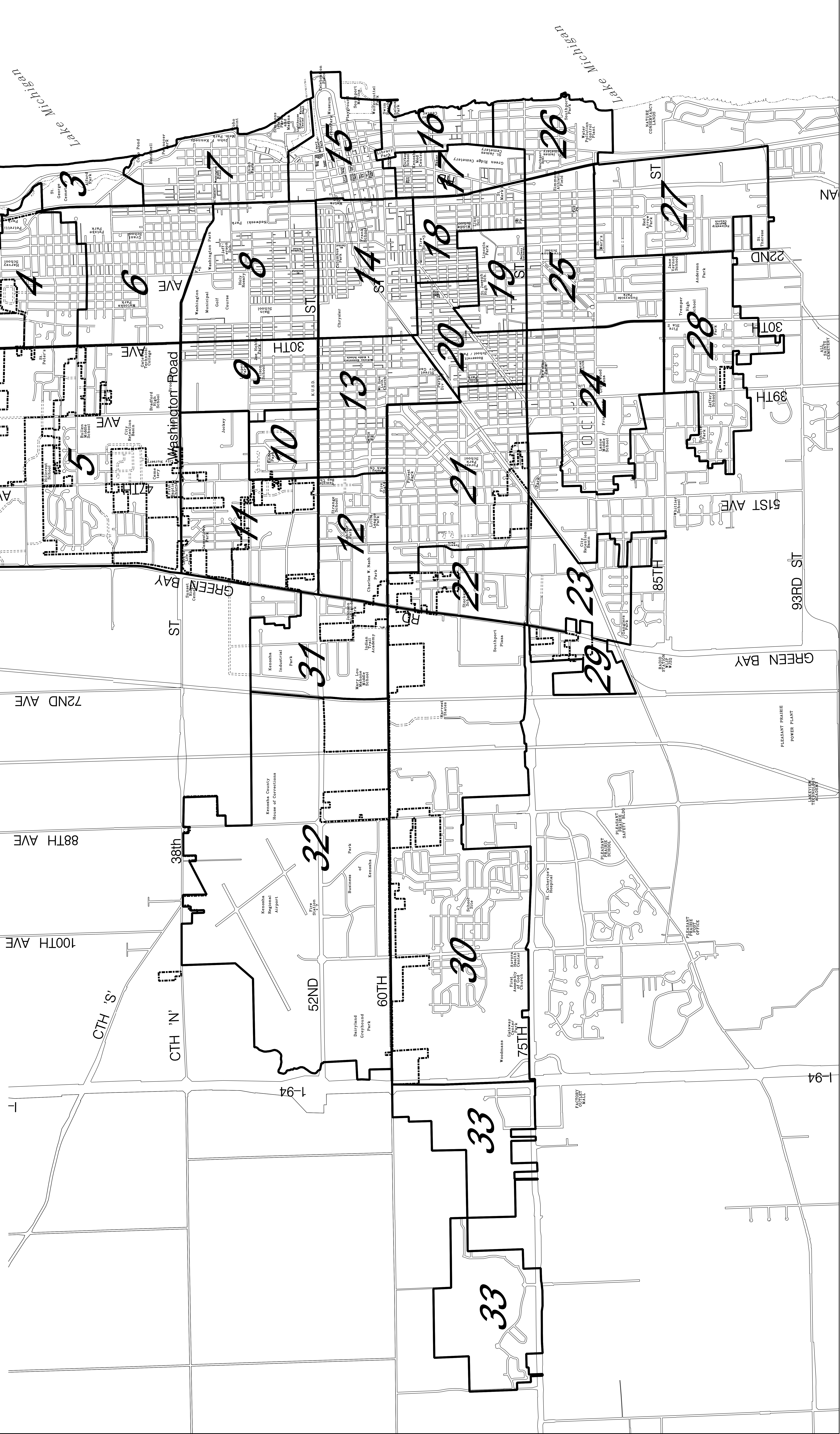
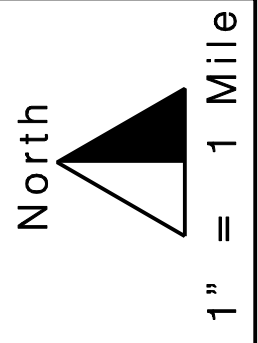
In 1999, none of the 6 renter-occupied households with incomes less than \$10,000 used more than 35 percent of their income toward monthly rent costs in Southport Neighborhood. All households with incomes of \$35,000 or more used less

# City of Kenosha C.D.A. Neighborhood Map

**26**  
C.D.A. Neighborhood Boundary  
C.D.A. Neighborhood Number

- |                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 Parkside                    | 23 Country Home                        |
| 2 Poggio                      | 24 Lance                               |
| 3 Alford Park/Carrhage        | 25 Sunnyside                           |
| 4 Villa Capri                 | 26 Southport                           |
| 5 Gateway/Hilcrest/St. Peters | 27 Red Arrow                           |
| 6 Grant                       | 28 Isetts                              |
| 7 Harborside                  | 29 Bain Station                        |
| 8 Washington                  | 30 Whitecaps/River Crossings/Southport |
| 9 Wilson                      | 31 Indian Trails                       |
| 10 Endee                      | 32 Airport Corridor                    |
| 11 Jamestown Park/Westview    | 33 Bristol Corridor                    |

DCD ~ City Plan Division ~ BAF ~ 7/23/04 mj/m

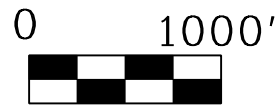
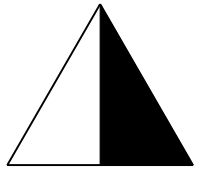


City of Kenosha  
CDA Vicinity Map  
Southport Neighborhood



Lake Michigan

NORTH



CDA Boundary